MAX686EEE Rev. A

RELIABILITY REPORT

FOR

MAX686EEE

PLASTIC ENCAPSULATED DEVICES

February 22, 2002

MAXIM INTEGRATED PRODUCTS

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Conclusion

The MAX686 successfully meets the quality and reliability standards required of all Maxim products. In addition, Maxim's continuous reliability monitoring program ensures that all outgoing product will continue to meet Maxim's quality and reliability standards.

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I. Device Description

A. General

The MAX686 DAC-controlled boost/inverter IC converts a positive input voltage to a positive or negative LCD bias voltage up to +27.5V or -27.5V. The device features an internal N-channel MOSFET switch, programmable current limiting, and an internal 6-bit digital-to-analog converter (DAC) for digital adjustment of the output voltage. It comes in a small 16-pin QSOP package (same size as an 8-pin SO).

The MAX686 uses a current-limited, pulse-frequency-modulation (PFM) control scheme to provide high efficiency over a wide range of load conditions. Its high switching frequency (up to 300kHz) allows the use of small external components.

An LCDON output allows the LCD bias voltage to be automatically disabled when the display logic voltage is removed, protecting the display. The MAX686 has a +2.7V to +5.5V input voltage range for the IC, and a +0.8V to +27.5V input voltage range for the inductor. Typical quiescent supply current is 65μ A. Shutdown current is 1.5μ A.

The MAX686 offers high-level integration to save space, reduce power consumption, and increase battery life, making it an excellent choice for battery-powered portable equipment.

B. Absolute Maximum Ratings

ltem	Rating
VCC,ISET,POK,POL,/SHDN,UP,DN,VDD to GND	-0.3V to +6V
FB,REF,DACOUT to GND	-0.3V to (VCC + 0.3V)
PGND to GND	-0.3V to +0.3V
LX,/LCDON to GND	-0.3V to +0.3V
Current	
LX (sinking)	600mA
/LCDON	10mA
Storage Temp.	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temp. (10 sec.)	+300°C
Continuous Power Dissipation (TA = +70°C)	
16-Pin QSOP	667mW
Derates above +70°C	
16-Pin QSOP	8.3mW/°C

II. Manufacturing Information

A. Description:	DAC-Controlled Boost/Inverter LCD Bias Supply w/ Internal Switch
B. Process:	S12 (Standard 1.2 micron silicon gate CMOS)
C. Number of Device Transistors:	1325
D. Fabrication Location:	Oregon or California, USA
E. Assembly Location:	Philippines, Malaysia, Thailand or Korea
F. Date of Initial Production:	January, 1998

III. Packaging Information

A. Package Type:	16-Pin QSOP
B. Lead Frame:	Copper
C. Lead Finish:	Solder Plate
D. Die Attach:	Silver-filled Epoxy
E. Bondwire:	Gold (1.0 mil dia.)
F. Mold Material:	Epoxy with silica filler
G. Assembly Diagram:	Buildsheet # 05-1101-0027
H. Flammability Rating:	Class UL94-V0
I. Classification of Moisture Sensitivity per JEDEC standard JESD22-A112:	Level 1

IV. Die Information

A. Dimensions:	86 x 120 mils
B. Passivation:	Si_3N_4/SiO_2 (Silicon nitride/ Silicon dioxide)
C. Interconnect:	Aluminum/Si (Si = 1%)
D. Backside Metallization:	None
E. Minimum Metal Width:	1.2 microns (as drawn)
F. Minimum Metal Spacing:	1.2 microns (as drawn)
G. Bondpad Dimensions:	5 mil. Sq.
H. Isolation Dielectric:	SiO ₂
I. Die Separation Method:	Wafer Saw

V. Quality Assurance Information

Α.	Quality Assurance Contacts:	Jim Pedicord (Reliability Lab Manager)
		Bryan Preeshl (Executive Director of QA)
		Kenneth Huening (Vice President)

- B. Outgoing Inspection Level: 0.1% for all electrical parameters guaranteed by the Datasheet.
 0.1% For all Visual Defects.
- C. Observed Outgoing Defect Rate: < 50 ppm
- D. Sampling Plan: Mil-Std-105D

VI. Reliability Evaluation

A. Accelerated Life Test

The results of the 135°C biased (static) life test are shown in **Table 1**. Using these results, the Failure Rate (λ) is calculated as follows:

$$\lambda = \underbrace{1}_{\text{MTTF}} = \underbrace{1.83}_{192 \text{ x } 4389 \text{ x } 157 \text{ x } 2} \text{ (Chi square value for MTTF upper limit)}$$

$$L$$

$$Temperature Acceleration factor assuming an activation energy of 0.8eV$$

$$\lambda = 6.92 \text{ x } 10^{-9}$$

$$\lambda = 6.927 \text{ F.I.T. (60\% confidence level @ 25°C)}$$

This low failure rate represents data collected from Maxim's reliability qualification and monitor programs. Maxim also performs weekly Burn-In on samples from production to assure reliability of its processes. The reliability required for lots which receive a burn-in qualification is 59 F.I.T. at a 60% confidence level, which equates to 3 failures in an 80 piece sample. Maxim performs failure analysis on rejects from lots exceeding this level. The attached Burn-In Schematic (Spec. # 06-5271) shows the static circuit used for this test. Maxim also performs 1000 hour life test monitors quarterly for each process. This data is published in the Product Reliability Report (**RR-1M**).

B. Moisture Resistance Tests

Maxim evaluates pressure pot stress from every assembly process during qualification of each new design. Pressure Pot testing must pass a 20% LTPD for acceptance. Additionally, industry standard 85°C/85%RH or HAST tests are performed quarterly per device/package family.

C. E.S.D. and Latch-Up Testing

The PX26 die type has been found to have all pins able to withstand a transient pulse of ± 800 V, per Mil-Std-883 Method 3015 (reference attached ESD Test Circuit). Latch-Up testing has shown that this device withstands a current of ± 250 mA and/or ± 20 V.

Table 1Reliability Evaluation Test Results

MAX686EEE

TEST ITEM	TEST CONDITION	FAILURE IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE SIZE	NUMBER OF FAILURES
Static Life Tes	t (Note 1)			
	Ta = 135°C Biased Time = 192 hrs.	DC Parameters & functionality	80	1
Moisture Testi	ng (Note 2)			
Pressure Pot	Ta = 121°C P = 15 psi. RH= 100% Time = 168hrs.	DC Parameters & functionality	740	1
85/85	Ta = 85°C RH = 85% Biased Time = 1000hrs.	DC Parameters & functionality	77	0
Mechanical St	ress (Note 2)			
Temperature Cycle	-65°C/150°C 1000 Cycles Method 1010	DC Parameters	77	0

Note 1: Life Test Data may represent plastic D.I.P. qualification lots for the Small Outline package.

Note 2: Generic Package/Process data

Attachment #1

	Terminal A (Each pin individually connected to terminal A with the other floating)	Terminal B (The common combination of all like-named pins connected to terminal B)
1.	All pins except V _{PS1} <u>3/</u>	All V_{PS1} pins
2.	All input and output pins	All other input-output pins

TABLE II. Pin combination to be tested. 1/2/

- 1/ Table II is restated in narrative form in 3.4 below.
- $\overline{2/}$ No connects are not to be tested.
- $\overline{3/}$ Repeat pin combination I for each named Power supply and for ground

(e.g., where V_{PS1} is V_{DD} , V_{CC} , V_{SS} , V_{BB} , GND, + V_{S} , - V_{S} , V_{REF} , etc).

- 3.4 <u>Pin combinations to be tested.</u>
 - a. Each pin individually connected to terminal A with respect to the device ground pin(s) connected to terminal B. All pins except the one being tested and the ground pin(s) shall be open.
 - b. Each pin individually connected to terminal A with respect to each different set of a combination of all named power supply pins (e.g., V_{SS1}, or V_{SS2} or V_{SS3} or V_{CC1}, or V_{CC2}) connected to terminal B. All pins except the one being tested and the power supply pin or set of pins shall be open.
 - c. Each input and each output individually connected to terminal A with respect to a combination of all the other input and output pins connected to terminal B. All pins except the input or output pin being tested and the combination of all the other input and output pins shall be open.





