MAX6050xEUR Rev. A

RELIABILITY REPORT

FOR

MAX6050xEUR

PLASTIC ENCAPSULATED DEVICES

April 3, 2004

MAXIM INTEGRATED PRODUCTS

120 SAN GABRIEL DR.

SUNNYVALE, CA 94086

Written by

e/h

Jim Pedicord Quality Assurance Reliability Lab Manager

Reviewed by

Kull

Bryan J. Preeshl Quality Assurance Executive Director

Conclusion

The MAX6050 successfully meets the quality and reliability standards required of all Maxim products. In addition, Maxim's continuous reliability monitoring program ensures that all outgoing product will continue to meet Maxim's quality and reliability standards.

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I. Device Description

A. General

The MAX6050 precision, low-dropout, micropower voltage reference is available in a miniature SOT23-3 surfacemount package. It features a proprietary curvature-correction circuit and laser-trimmed thin-film resistors that result in a low temperature coefficient of <15ppm/°C and initial accuracy of better than 0.2%. This device is specified over the extended temperature range.

This series-mode voltage reference draws only 27µA of quiescent supply current and can sink or source up to 500µA of load current. Unlike conventional shunt-mode (two-terminal) references that waste supply current and require an external resistor, the MAX6050 offers a supply current that's virtually independent of supply voltage (with only a 0.8µA/V variation with supply voltage) and do not require an external resistor. Additionally, this internally compensated device does not require an external compensation capacitor and is stable with up to 2.2nF of load capacitance. Eliminating the external compensation capacitor saves valuable board area in space-critical applications. It's low dropout voltage and supply-independent, ultra-low supply current make these devices ideal for battery-operated, low-voltage systems.

B. Absolute Maximum Ratings Item	Rating
Voltages Referenced to GND	
IN	-0.3V to +13.5V
OUT	-0.3V to (VIN + 0.3V)
Output Short Circuit to GND or IN (VIN < 6V)	Continuous
Output Short Circuit to GND or IN (VIN = 6V)	60s
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C
Continuous Power Dissipation (TA = +70°C)	
3-Pin SOT23	320mW
Derates above +70°C	
3-Pin SOT23	4.00mW/°C

II. Manufacturing Information

A. Description/Function:	Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage Reference
B. Process:	S12 (Standard 1.2 micron silicon gate CMOS)
C. Number of Device Transistors:	70
D. Fabrication Location:	Oregon or California, USA
E. Assembly Location:	Thailand or Malaysia
F. Date of Initial Production:	July, 1998

III. Packaging Information

A. Package Type:	3-Pin SOT23
B. Lead Frame:	Copper
C. Lead Finish:	Solder Plate
D. Die Attach:	Silver-filled Epoxy
E. Bondwire:	Gold (1 mil dia.)
F. Mold Material:	Epoxy with silica filler
G. Assembly Diagram:	# 05-0901-0154
H. Flammability Rating:	Class UL94-V0
I. Classification of Moisture Sensitivity per JEDEC standard JESD22-112:	Level 1

IV. Die Information

A. Dimensions:	44 x 31 mils
B. Passivation:	Si_3N_4/SiO_2 (Silicon nitride/ Silicon dioxide)
C. Interconnect:	Aluminum/Si (Si = 1%)
D. Backside Metallization:	None
E. Minimum Metal Width:	1.2 microns (as drawn)
F. Minimum Metal Spacing:	1.2 microns (as drawn)
G. Bondpad Dimensions:	5 mil. Sq.
H. Isolation Dielectric:	SiO ₂
I. Die Separation Method:	Wafer Saw

V. Quality Assurance Information

Α.	Quality Assurance Contacts:	Jim Pedicord (Manager, Reliability Operations)	
		Bryan Preeshl (Executive Director)	
		Kenneth Huening (Vice President)	

- B. Outgoing Inspection Level: 0.1% for all electrical parameters guaranteed by the Datasheet. 0.1% For all Visual Defects.
- C. Observed Outgoing Defect Rate: < 50 ppm
- D. Sampling Plan: Mil-Std-105D

VI. Reliability Evaluation

A. Accelerated Life Test

The results of the 135°C biased (static) life test are shown in **Table 1**. Using these results, the Failure Rate (λ) is calculated as follows:

 $\lambda = \underbrace{1}_{\text{MTTF}} = \underbrace{\frac{1.83}{192 \times 4389 \times 240 \times 2}}_{\text{Temperature Acceleration factor assuming an activation energy of 0.8eV}$

λ = 4.52 x 10⁻⁹

 λ = 4.52 F.I.T. (60% confidence level @ 25°C)

This low failure rate represents data collected from Maxim's reliability monitor program. In addition to routine production Burn-In, Maxim pulls a sample from every fabrication process three times per week and subjects it to an extended Burn-In prior to shipment to ensure its reliability. The reliability control level for each lot to be shipped as standard product is 59 F.I.T. at a 60% confidence level, which equates to 3 failures in an 80 piece sample. Maxim performs failure analysis on any lot that exceeds this reliability control level. Attached Burn-In Schematic (Spec. # 06-5387) shows the static Burn-In circuit. Maxim also performs quarterly 1000 hour life test monitors. This data is published in the Product Reliability Report (**RR-1M**).

B. Moisture Resistance Tests

Maxim pulls pressure pot samples from every assembly process three times per week. Each lot sample must meet an LTPD = 20 or less before shipment as standard product. Additionally, the industry standard 85°C/85%RH testing is done per generic device/package family once a quarter.

C. E.S.D. and Latch-Up Testing

The RF23-4 die type has been found to have all pins able to withstand a transient pulse of ± 2500 V, per Mil-Std-883 Method 3015 (reference attached ESD Test Circuit). Latch-Up testing has shown that this device withstands a current of ± 250 mA.

Table 1 Reliability Evaluation Test Results

MAX6050xEUR

TEST ITEM	TEST CONDITION	FAILURE IDENTIFICATION	PACKAGE	SAMPLE SIZE	NUMBER OF FAILURES
Static Life Test	t (Note 1)				
	Ta = 135°C Biased Time = 192 hrs.	DC Parameters & functionality		240	0
Moisture Testir	ng (Note 2)				
Pressure Pot	Ta = 121°C P = 15 psi. RH= 100% Time = 168hrs.	DC Parameters & functionality	SOT23	77	0
85/85	Ta = 85°C RH = 85% Biased Time = 1000hrs.	DC Parameters & functionality		77	0
Mechanical Str	ress (Note 2)				
Temperature Cycle	-65°C/150°C 1000 Cycles Method 1010	DC Parameters & functionality		77	0

Note 1: Life Test Data may represent plastic DIP qualification lots. Note 2: Generic Package/Process data

Attachment #1

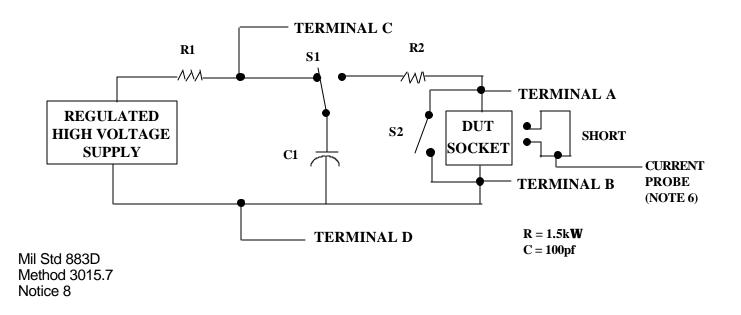
	Terminal A (Each pin individually connected to terminal A with the other floating)	Terminal B (The common combination of all like-named pins connected to terminal B)
1.	All pins except V _{PS1} <u>3/</u>	All V_{PS1} pins
2.	All input and output pins	All other input-output pins

TABLE II. Pin combination to be tested. 1/2/

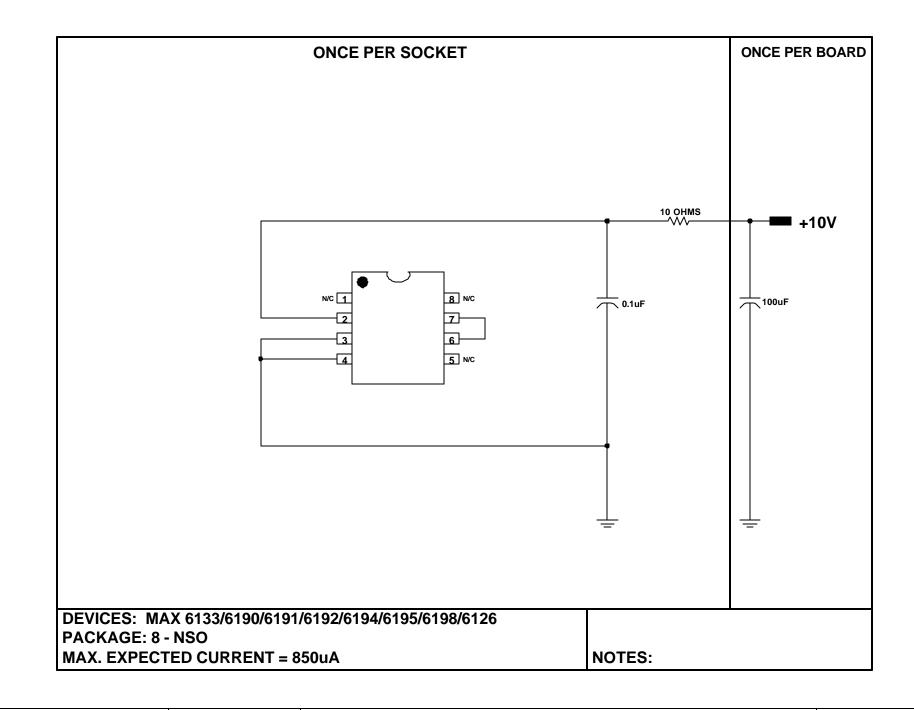
- 1/ Table II is restated in narrative form in 3.4 below.
- $\overline{2/}$ No connects are not to be tested.
- $\overline{3/}$ Repeat pin combination I for each named Power supply and for ground

(e.g., where V_{PS1} is V_{DD} , V_{CC} , V_{SS} , V_{BB} , GND, + V_{S} , - V_{S} , V_{REF} , etc).

- 3.4 <u>Pin combinations to be tested.</u>
 - a. Each pin individually connected to terminal A with respect to the device ground pin(s) connected to terminal B. All pins except the one being tested and the ground pin(s) shall be open.
 - b. Each pin individually connected to terminal A with respect to each different set of a combination of all named power supply pins (e.g., V_{SS1}, or V_{SS2} or V_{SS3} or V_{CC1}, or V_{CC2}) connected to terminal B. All pins except the one being tested and the power supply pin or set of pins shall be open.
 - c. Each input and each output individually connected to terminal A with respect to a combination of all the other input and output pins connected to terminal B. All pins except the input or output pin being tested and the combination of all the other input and output pins shall be open.



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